# pDRIVE5s-hGRP94 

# A plasmid with a native ubiquitous human glucose-regulated protein 94 promoter 

Catalog \# pdrive5s-hgrp94
For research use only
Version \# 11F21-MM

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

## Content:

- 1 disk of lyophilized GT116 E. coli bacteria transformed by a pDRIVE5s plasmid.
- GT116 genotype is: $F$-, mcrA, $\Delta(m r r-h s d R M S-m c r B C), ~ Ø 80 l a c Z \Delta M 15$, $\Delta l a c X 74$, recA1, endA1 $\Delta d c m \Delta s b c C-s b c D$.
- 4 pouches of E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ Zeo (2 TB and 2 Agar)

Shipping and storage:

- Products are shipped at room temperature.
- Transformed bacteria should be stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Bacteria are stable up to one year when properly stored.
- Store E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ Zeo at room temperature. Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ pouches are stable 18 months when stored properly.


## Quality control:

- Plasmid construct has been confirmed by restriction analysis and sequencing. - Bacteria have been lyophilized, and their viability upon resuspension has been verified.


## GENERAL PRODUCT USE

pDRIVE is an expression plasmid containing a native or composite promoter of interest. pDRIVE may be used to:

- Subclone a promoter of interest into another vector. Unique restriction sites are present at each end of the promoter allowing convenient excision. The $5^{\prime}$ restriction site is Spe I is compatible with Avr II, Nhe I and Xba I. The 3' restriction site is BspH I.
- Compare the activity of different promoters in transient transfection experiments. Each pDRIVE promoter drives the expression of the SEAP reporter gene which allows for testing of the promoter's activity in transient transfection experiments. Furthermore, the SEAP gene is flanked by unique restriction sites (Bsp HI and Nhe I) for easy replacement with a different gene of interest.


## PROMOTER CHARACTERISTICS

Human Glucose-Regulated Protein 94 (GRP94)
Complete Promoter size: 701bp
Specificity : Ubiquitous, stress inducible
The glucose-regulated proteins, GRP78 and GRP94, function as molecular chaperones. They are expressed constitutively in most cell types under normal growth conditions and are highly induced in stressed cells. The genes for GRP78 and GRP94 are coordinately regulated at the transcriptional level under a variety of stress conditions. Inducing factors are cellular environments of low glucose or oxygen and reagents that disrupt the ER function such as calcium ionophores. The GRP78 and GRP94 promoters are highly conserved and share a common regulatory domain ${ }^{1}$. The GRP78 promoter is known to retain its strong activity in differentiated and undifferentiated tissues whereas GRP94 is mainly effective in differentiated cells ${ }^{2}$. Furthermore, the GRP78 promoter can increase the expression levels of HSV-tk inside tumors resulting in complete eradication of tumor mass, with no recurrence of tumor growth ${ }^{3}$.

1. Chang SC. et al. 1989. Glucose-regulated protein (GRP94 and GRP78) genes share common regulatory domains and are coordinately regulated by common trans-acting factors. Mol Cell Biol 9:2153-62. 2. Kim SL. et al. 1990. Expression of the glucoseregulated proteins (GRP94 and GRP78) in differentiated and undifferentiated mouse embryonic cells and the use of the GRP78 promoter as an expression system in embryonic cells. Differentiation 42:153-9. 3. Gazit G. et al. 1999. Use of the glucose starvationinducible glucose-regulated protein 78 promoter in suicide gene therapy of murine fibrosarcoma. Cancer Res 59: 3100-6.

## PLASMID FEATURES

- SEAP gene encodes an engineered secreted embryonic alkaline phosphatase. The levels of SEAP in the culture medium of transfected cells expressing the reporter gene can be assayed with chromogenic or luminescent methods
- SV40 pAn: The Simian Virus 40 late polyadenylation signal enables efficient cleavage and polyadenylation reactions resulting in high levels of steady-state mRNA.
- pMB1 Ori is a minimal E. coli origin of replication with the same activity as the longer Ori.
- EM2K is a bacterial promoter that enables the constitutive expression of the antibiotic resistance gene in E. coli.
- Zeo gene confers zeocin resistance therefore allowing the selection of transformed $E$. coli carrying a pDRIVE plasmid.
Note: Stable transfection of clones cannot be performed due to the absence of an eukaryotic promoter upstream of the Sh ble gene.


## METHODS

Growth of pDRIVE-transformed bacteria:
Use sterile conditions to do the following:
1 - Resuspend the lyophilized $E$. coli by adding 1 ml of LB medium in the tube containing the disk. Let sit for 5 minutes. Mix gently by inverting the tube several times.
2- Streak bacteria taken from this suspension on a zeocin LB agar plate prepared with the E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\otimes}$ Zeo agar provided (see below).
3- Place the plate in an incubator at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight.
4- Isolate a single colony and grow the bacteria in TB supplemented with zeocin using the Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ Zeo liquid provided (see below).
5- Extract the pDRIVE plasmid DNA using the method of your choice.

## Selection of bacteria with $E$. coli Fast-Media Zeo:

E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{*}$ Zeo is a new, fast and convenient way to prepare liquid and solid media for bacterial culture by using only a microwave. E. coli FastMedia ${ }^{\circledR}$ Zeo is a TB (liquid) or LB (solid) based medium with zeocin, and contains stabilizers.
E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Zeo can be ordered separately (catalog code \# fas-zn-1, fas-zn-s).

Method:
1- Pour the contents of a pouch into a clean borosilicate glass bottle or flask.
2- Add 200 ml of distilled water to the flask
3- Heat in a microwave on MEDIUM power setting (about 400Watts), until bubbles start appearing (approximately 3 minutes). Do not heat a closed container. Do not autoclave Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$.
4- Swirl gently to mix the preparation. Be careful, the bottle and media are hot, use heatproof pads or gloves and care when handling.
5- Reheat the media for 30 seconds and gently swirl again. Repeat as necessary to completely dissolve the powder into solution. But be careful to avoid overboiling and volume loss.
6- Let agar medium cool to $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ before pouring plates. Let liquid media cool to $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ before seeding bacteria.
Note: Do not reheat solidified Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ as the antibiotic will be permanently destroyed by the procedure.


77 TCTGAAAGGGTTCTAGGGGATTTGCAACCTCTCTCGTGTGTTTCTTCTTTCCGAGAAGCGCCGCCACACGAGAAAG
153 CTGGCCGCGAAAGTCGTGCTGGAATCACTTCCAACGAAACCCCAGGCATAGATGGGAAAGGGTGAAGAACACGTTG

NcoI (229)
229 CCATGGCTACCGTTTCCCCGGTCACGGAATAAACGCTCTCTAGGATCCGGAAGTAGTTCCGCCGCGACCTCTCTAA

305 AAGGATGGATGTGTTCTCTGCTTACATTCATTGGACGTTTTCCCTTAGAGGCCAAGGCCGCCCAGGCAAAGGGGCG
381 GTCCCACGCGTGAGGGGCCCGCGGAGCCATTTGATTGGAGAAAAGCTGCAAACCCTGACCAATCGGAAGGAGCCAC
457 GCTTCGGGCATCGGTCACCGCACCTGGACAGCTCCGATTGGTGGACTTCCGCCCCCCCTCACGAATCCTCATTGGG
533 TGCCGTGGGTGCGTGGTGCGGCGCGATTGGTGGGTTCATGTTTCCCGTCCCCCGCCCGCGAGAAGTGGGGGTGAAA
609 AGCGGCCCGACCTGCTTGGGGTGTAGTGGGCGGACCGCGCGGCTGGAGGTGTGAGGATCCGAACCCAGGGGTGGGG

BspHI (737)
685 GGTGGAGGCGGCTCCTGCGATCGAAGGGGACTTGAGACTCACCGGCCGCACGTCATGATTCTGGGGCCCTGCATGC 1- M I L G P C M
761 TGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGGGCCTGAGGCTACAGCTCTCCCTGGGCATCATCCCAGTTGAGGAGGAGAACCCGGA

837 CTTCTGGAACCGCGAGGCAGCCGAGGCCCTGGGTGCCGCCAAGAAGCTGCAGCCTGCACAGACAGCCGCCAAGAAC

913 CTCATCATCTTCCTGGGCGATGGGATGGGGGTGTCTACGGTGACAGCTGCCAGGATCCTAAAAGGGCAGAAGAAGG


## NdeI (1032)

989 ACAAACTGGGGCCTGAGATACCCCTGGCTATGGACCGCTTCCCATATGTGGCTCTGTCCAAGACATACAATGTAGA

1065 CAAACATGTGCCAGACAGTGGAGCCACAGCCACGGCCTACCTGTGCGGGGTCAAGGGCAACTTCCAGACCATTGGC
 1141 TTGAGTGCAGCCGCCCGCTTTAACCAGTGCAACACGACACGCGGCAACGAGGTCATCTCCGTGATGAATCGGGCCA
 1217 AGAAAGCAGGGAAGTCAGTGGGAGTGGTAACCACCACACGAGTGCAGCACGCCTCGCCAGCCGGCACCTACGCCCA
 1293 CACGGTGAACCGCAACTGGTACTCGGACGCCGACGTGCCTGCCTCGGCCCGCCAGGAGGGGTGCCAGGACATCGCT
 1369 ACGCAGCTCATCTCCAACATGGACATTGATGTGATCCTGGGTGGAGGCCGAAAGTACATGTTTCGCATGGGAACCC
 1445 CAGACCCTGAGTACCCAGATGACTACAGCCAAGGTGGGACCAGGCTGGACGGGAAGAATCTGGTGCAGGAATGGCT
 1521 GGCGAAGCGCCAGGGTGCCCGGTATGTGTGGAACCGCACTGAGCTCATGCAGGCTTCCCTGGACCCGTCTGTGACC

1597 CATCTCATGGGTCTCTTTGAGCCTGGAGACATGAAATACGAGATCCACCGAGACTCCACACTGGACCCCTCCCTGA 287* H L M G L F E P G D M K $\quad$ K 1673 TGGAGATGACAGAGGCTGCCCTGCGCCTGCTGAGCAGGAACCCCCGCGGCTTCTTCCTCTTCGTGGAGGGTGGTCG
 1749 CATCGACCACGGTCATCACGAAAGCAGGGCTTACCGGGCACTGACTGAGACGATCATGTTCGACGACGCCATTGAG
 1825 AGGGCGGGCCAGCTCACCAGCGAGGAGGACACGCTGAGCCTCGTCACTGCCGACCACTCCCACGTCTTCTCCTTCG
 1901 GAGGCTACCCCCTGCGAGGGAGCTCCATCTTCGGGCTGGCCCCTGGCAAGGCCCGGGACAGGAAGGCCTACACGGT
 1977 CCTCCTATACGGAAACGGTCCAGGCTATGTGCTCAAGGACGGCGCCCGGCCGGATGTTACCGAGAGCGAGAGCGGG
 2053 AGCCCCGAGTATCGGCAGCAGTCAGCAGTGCCCCTGGACGAAGAGACCCACGCAGGCGAGGACGTGGCGGTGTTCG

2129 CGCGCGGCCCGCAGGCGCACCTGGTTCACGGCGTGCAGGAGCAGACCTTCATAGCGCACGTCATGGCCTTCGCCGC


| 205 | TGCCTGGAGCCCTACACCGCCTGCGACCTGGCGCCCCCCGCCGGCACCACCGACGCCGCGCACCCGGGGCGGTCC <br> C L E P Y T A C D L A P P A G T T D A A H P G R S |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2281 | NheI (2303) |
| 515* | $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { R } & \text { S } & \text { K }\end{array}$ |
| 2357 | AGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCA |
| 2433 | ATAAACAAGTTAACAACAACAATTGCATTCATTTTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGAGGTGTGGGAGGTtTtttanag |
| 2509 | CAAGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTATGGAATTAATTCTAAAATACAGCATAGCAAAACTTTAACCTCCAAATCAA |
| 2585 |  |
| 2661 | TTGCAGCCTCACCTTCTTTCATGGAGTTTAAGATATAGTGTATTTTCCCAAGGTTTGAACTAGCTCTTCATTTCTT |
| 2737 | TATGTTTTAAATGCACTGACCTCCCACATTCCCTTTTTAGTAAAATATTCAGAAATAATTTAAATACATCATTGCA |
| 2813 | ATGAAAATAAATGTTTTTTATTAGGCAGAATCCAGATGCTCAAGGCCCTTCATAATATCCCCCAGTTTAGTAGTTG |
| 2889 | GACTTAGGGAACAAAGGAACCTTTAATAGAAATTGGACAGCAAGAAAGCGAGCTTCTAGCTTATCCTCAGTCCTGC |
|  | 125 - D Q |
| 2965 | TCCTCTGCCACAAAGTGCACGCAGTTGCCGGCCGGGTCGCGCAGGGCGAACTCCCGCCCCCACGGCTGCTCGCCGA |
| 1211 | E E A V F H V C N G A P D R L A F E R G W P P |
| 3041 | TCTCGGTCATGGCCGGCCCGGAGGCGTCCCGGAAGTTCGTGGACACGACCTCCGACCACTCGGCGTACAGCTCGTC |
| 961 | E T M A P G S A D R F N T S V V E S W |
| 3117 | CAGGCCGCGCACCCACACCCAGGCCAGGGTGTTGTCCGGCACCACCTGGTCCTGGACCGCGCTGATGAACAGGGTC |
| 714 |  |
|  | Sgrai (3210) |
| 3193 | ACGTCGTCCCGGACCACACCGGCGAAGTCGTCCTCCACGAAGTCCCGGGAGAACCCGAGCCGGTCGGTCCAGAACT |
|  |  |
| 3269 | CGACCGCTCCGGCGACGTCGCGCGCGGTGAGCACCGGAACGGCACTGGTCAACTTGGCCATGATGGCTCCTCCTGT |
| 201 | $\checkmark$ A G A V D R A T L V P V A S T L K A |
| 3345 | CAGGAGAGGAAAGAGAAGAAGGTTAGTACAATTGCTATAGTGAGTTGTATTATACTATGCAGATATACTATGCCAA |
| 3421 | TGATTAATTGTCAAA |
| 3497 | AAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTttttccataggctccacc |
| 3573 | AGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTG |
| 3649 | TCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTtTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCAC |
| 3725 | TGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCC |
| 3801 | GCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCA |
| 3877 | TGGTAACAGGATtagCagagcgaggtatgtaggcgatgctacagagttcttgaigtgatgacctanctacgacta |
| 3953 | ACtagaigancagtatttggtatctgcgctctgctgangccagttaccttcggaanaigagttggtagctcttga |
| 4029 | CCGGCAAACAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGtttttttgtttgcangcagcagattacgcgcaganaianaiggat |
| 4105 |  |
| 181 |  |

# Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ 

# Microwaveable media for selection and propagation of E. coli transformants 

Catalog \# fas-xx-1, fas-xx-s, fas-xx-xgal
For research use only
Version \# 10G07-MM

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

## Contents:

E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ are prepared as individual sealed pouches containing the necessary amount of powder for preparation of 200 ml of selective liquid or agar medium.
30 pouches are supplied for each order of TB or Agar and 20 pouches are supplied for each order of XGal Agar.
Storage and stability:
Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ are shipped at room temperature, and must be stored in a dry and cool place. They are stable for 2 years at room temperature.
When properly prepared, Fast-Media ${ }^{\star}$ plates or broths are stable for 4 weeks at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and remain sterile and selective.

## Quality control:

The high quality and performance of each formulation has been tested with some widely used and proprietary E. coli K12 derived strains*. These include DH5 $\alpha$, Top10, MC1061, XL1 blue, JM 109, TB1, GT100, GT110, GT115, GT116.
The adequate plasmids carrying the appropriate E. coli resistance genes are used as positive control.
*E. coli recipient strains carrying the Tn 5 transposon are resistant to Kanamycin and Zeocin"'.

## GENERAL PRODUCT USE

E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ are microwaveable ready-to-use solid or liquid media, supplied with a selective antibiotic, and chromogenic substrates (for five references), therefore designed for the growth or selection of E. coli transformant colonies, as well as detection of blue/white colonies.

- Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Agar formulation is LB based agar medium supplemented with selective antibiotic, it is used for selection of resistant $E$. coli colonies after transformation by vectors carrying a selection resistance gene.
- Fast-Media ${ }^{\otimes} \mathbf{X}$-Gal formulation is a LB based agar medium supplemented with selective antibiotic, X-Gal and IPTG. It is used for detection of blue/white resistant colonies after transformation by a vector carrying $\operatorname{Lac} Z$ gene.
- Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ TB formulation is a Terrific Broth based liquid medium supplemented with selective antibiotic. It's used for high cell density culture of transformed bacteria, and extraction of high quantity and quality of required plasmid.


## FAST-MEDIA ${ }^{\circledR}$ FEATURES

E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ offer researchers a quick and convenient way to prepare 200 ml of liquid culture medium, or 8-10 agar plates in about five minutes USING A MICROWAVE INSTEAD OF AN AUTOCLAVE.
E. coli Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ are available with a large variety of prokaryotic selective agents including Ampicillin, Blasticidin S, Hygromycin B, Kanamycin, Puromycin and Zeocin ${ }^{\text {" }}$ (see table below). Fast-Media ${ }^{\text {® }}$ is also available with no selective agent (Base) that can be prepared with or without antibiotics.

|  | Agar | X-Gal | TB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Ampicillin | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Blasticidin | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Hygromycin | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| Kanamycin | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Puromycin | $\sqrt{ }$ |  | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| Zeocin'" | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

## SPECIAL HANDLING

Caution should be exercised during handling of Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ due to potential allergenic properties of antibiotics. Wear protective gloves, do not breath the dust.

## METHOD

For customer convenience, procedure is directly printed on each pouch.
1- Pour the pouch contents into a clean borosilicate glass bottle or flask.
2- Add 200 ml of distilled or deionized water.
3- Mix thoroughly by swirling the glass bottle or flask.
4- Heat in a microwave oven on MEDIUM power setting (about 450W) until bubbles start to appear (about 3 minutes).

## Do not heat in a closed container.

5- Swirl gently to mix the preparation and re-heat for 30 seconds. Swirl gently again.
6- Repeat step 4 if necessary until the medium is completely dissolved. Do not overboil.
7- Allow the medium to cool to $50-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, use directly for liquid medium, or pour plates for solid medium.
Caution: Any solution heated in a microwave oven may become superheated and suddenly boil when moved or touched. Handle with extreme care. Wear heat-proof gloves.
Note: Do not repeat this above procedure once the medium is prepared because the antibiotic will be adversely affected.

## For preparation of supplemented Fast-Media ${ }^{\circledR}$ Base.

- Follow the instructions above and when media has cooled to $50-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ add the antibiotic at the appropriate concentration for selection of E. coli.

